Transitioning the SWMF Geospace Model into Operations at the National Weather Service

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Gabor Toth, Dan Welling [UMICH]
...and the Geospace evaluation team at CCMC





The National Centers for Environmental Prediction (NCEP) a part of the National Weather Service:

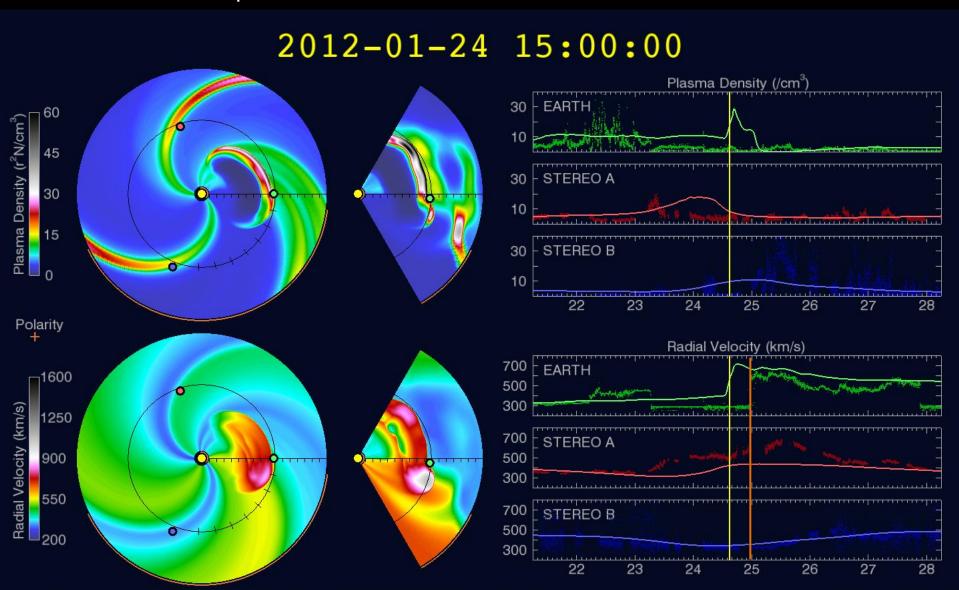
"...the starting point for nearly all weather forecasts in the US"

- Global Observations
- Operational computer modeling / Data Assimilation
- Post-Processing / Reforecasts



WSA-Enlil

- Transitioned by SWPC: 2010 2011
- Operational since 2012

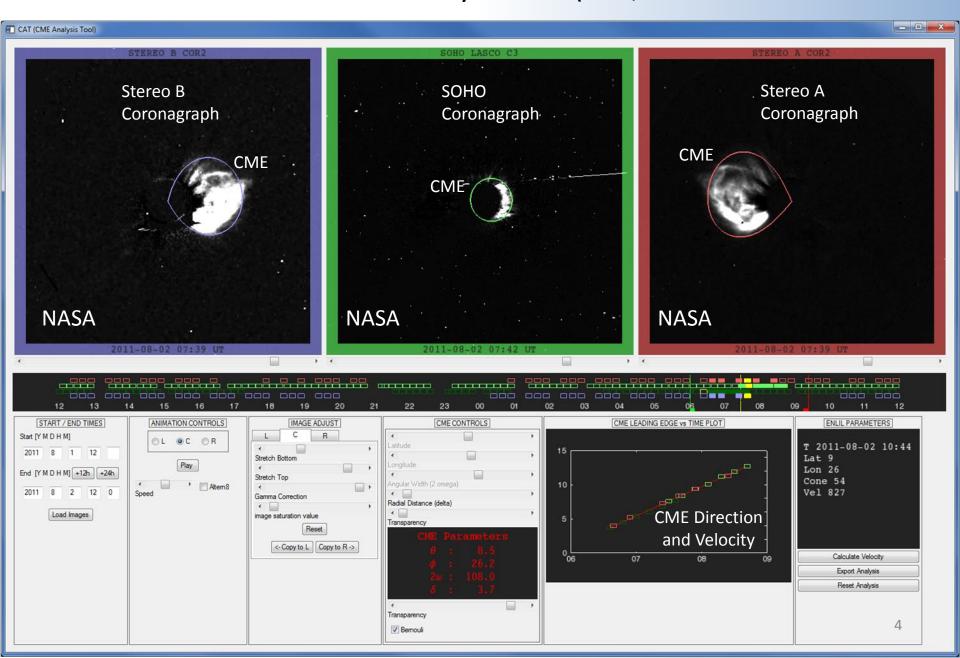


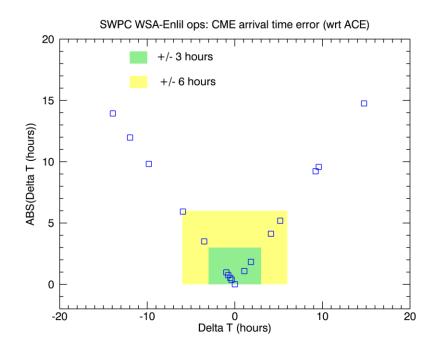
Space Weather Prediction Center

Run Time: 2012-01-23 06:00 UT Mode: CME

Image Created: 2012-04-24 22:14 UT

CME Analysis Tool (CAT)





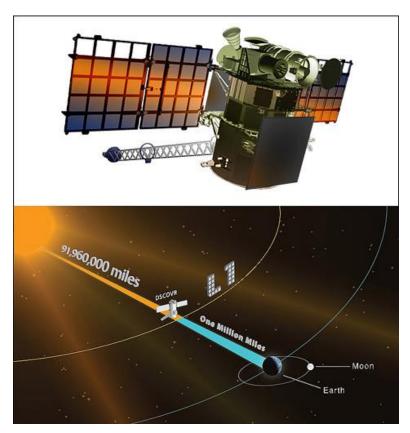
Mean error : +/-7.5 hours

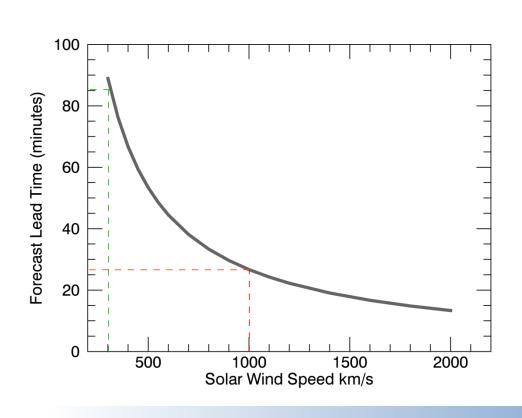
WSA-Enlil: invaluable forecasting tool at the 1 to 3 days level (18 hours)

- but it can only get us so far:
- Inaccuracies in measured CME parameters (direction, velocity)
- No information about Geomagnetic storm severity just possibility and CME time of arrival

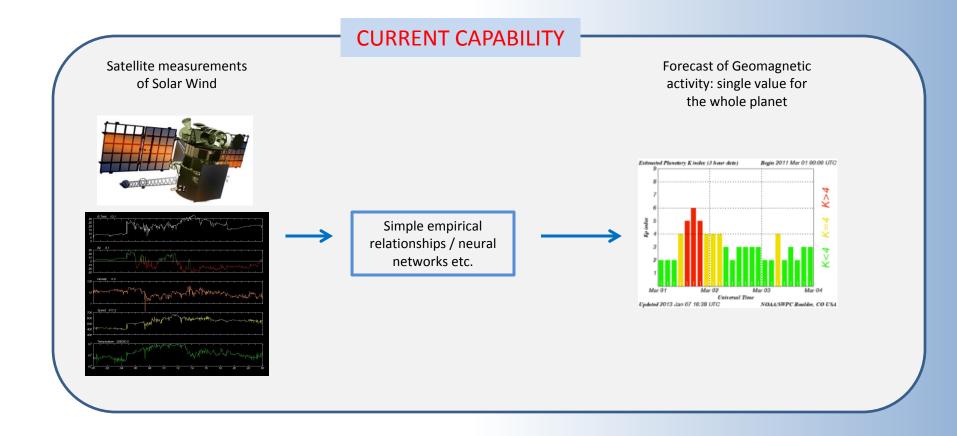
In situ measurements, 92,000,000 miles further downstream....

ACE(1997) → DSCOVR(2015) :: Operational Sentinels at L1



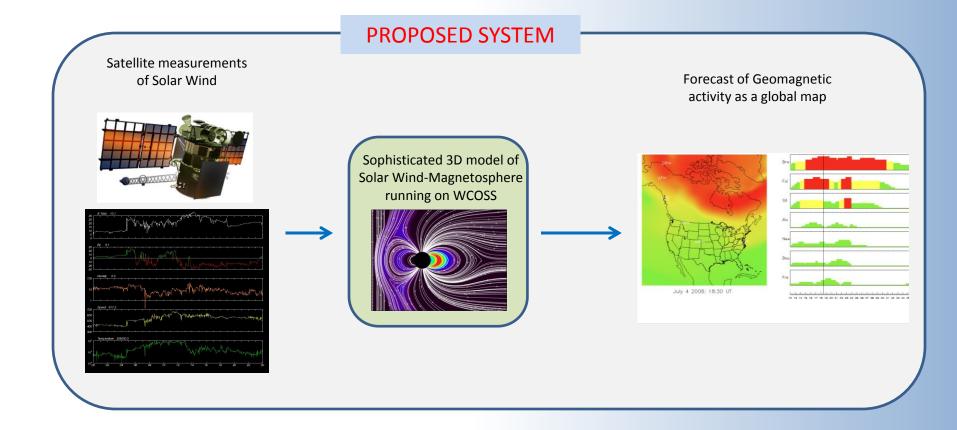


Fast incoming CMEs (say, >1000 km/s), Forecast lead time is less than 30 minutes



Global Forecast:

"In 18 minutes time the lights could go out – somewhere on planet Earth (probably at higher latitudes)"

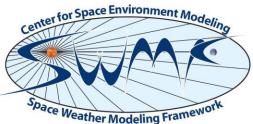


Regional Forecast:

"In 18 minutes time the lights could go out in New York, but not in Seattle, Tokyo, etc" - focused, latitude, longitude, time.

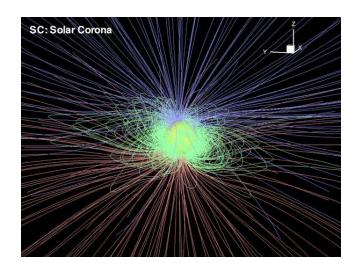
Timeline to Operations.....

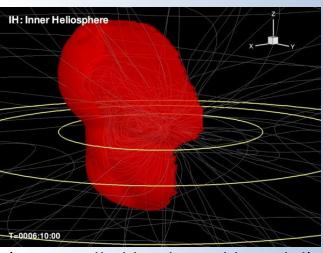
- 2013: SWPC and NASA-CCMC evaluation of suitable Magnetospheric models [in coordination with the modelers themselves]. Metrics: model skill scores for predicting dB/dt, regional K value, compared to 3 chains of magnetometers (east/West US and Europe). 6 magnetic storms evaluated.
- 2 reports prepared by CCMC (dB/dt | regional K)
- 2014: Space Weather Modeling Framework (SWMF), University of Michigan, chosen by SWPC as best performing – mature enough to provide significant advance in Geomagnetic forecasting.
- 2014/2015: SWPC now working closely and extensively with model developers at UMICH to facilitate model changes needed for real-time operations.
- Transition timeframe: Basic test-system running under DEV by Oct 1 2014
 [done]....Full test system (v1.0) handed to NCO by October 1, 2015 for
 DEVONPROD.
- 2016: Operational (system v1.0)



Space Weather Modeling Framework SWMF:

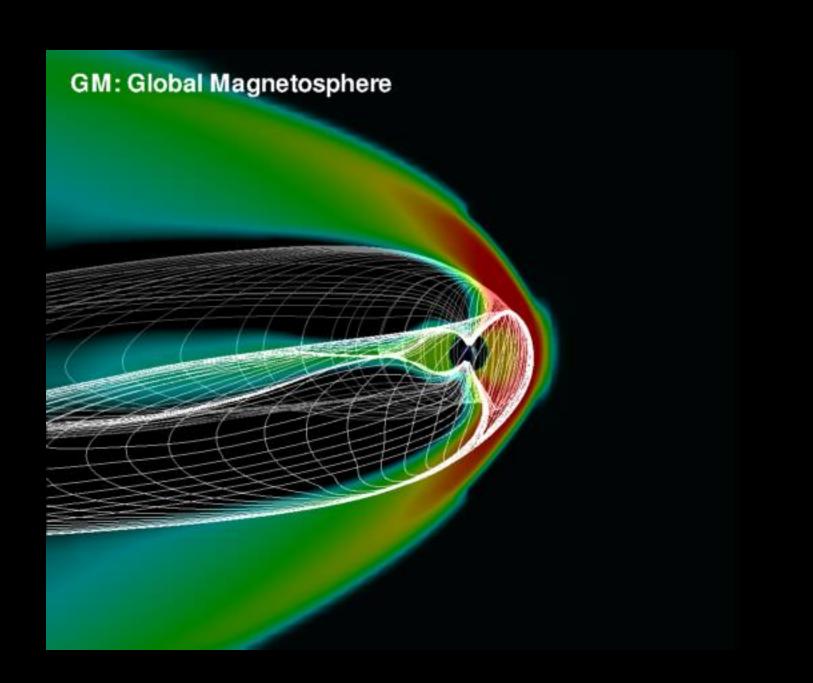
- Developed at the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor
- Comprehensive, 3D, time-dependent, physics-based, first principles model(s)
- Components can be combined together within the common "framework" (examples: Solar Corona, Inner Heliosphere)

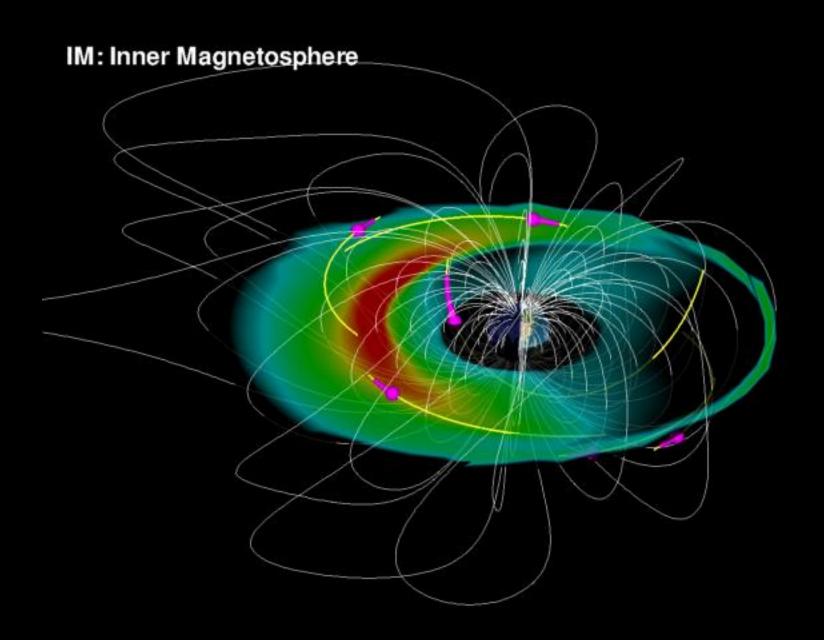




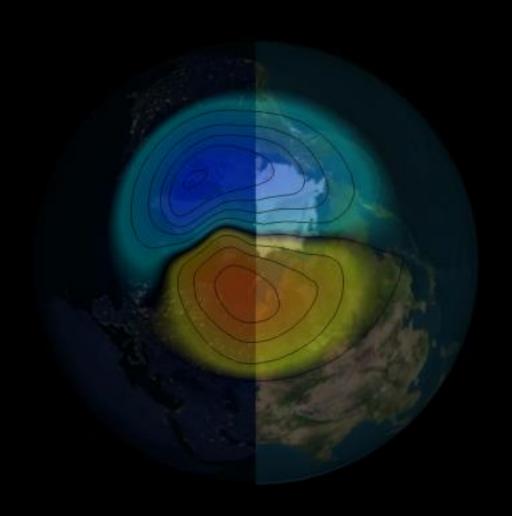
(essentially like the Enlil model)

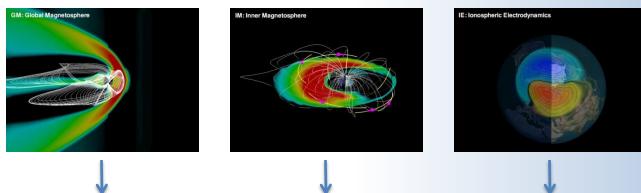
The components we are using for Geospace modeling......



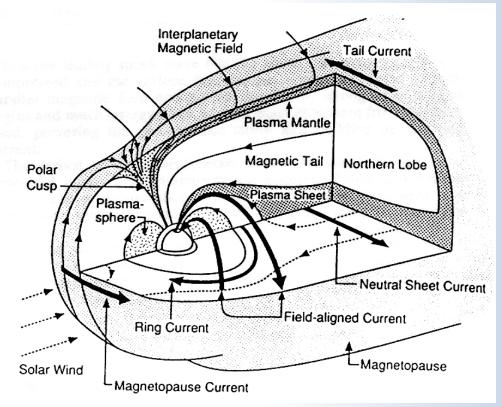


IE: Ionospheric Electrodynamics





Several contributing current systems: Magnetopause, field-aligned, Ring Current, Ionospheric Pederson and Hall Currents:



Spatial and time-varying dB on the ground calculated via Biot-Savart integration.

Running a Geospace model as an operational forecast model: Essential Points:

- The magnetosphere is fundamentally a system driven by the Solar Wind
- The model does not "run into the future" (in a traditional weather model sense) it just steps along in time with it's Solar Wind input.
- Forecasting ability comes because the SW is measured 1 million miles upstream, at L1 propagated forwards in time to the position of Earth



TIME TRAVEL at the SPEED of LIGHT

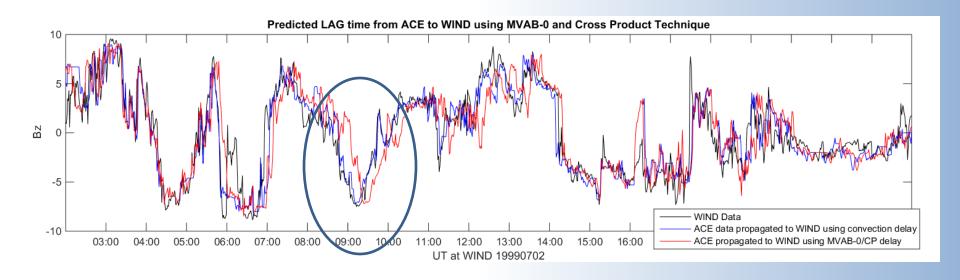


- Forecast lead time is dependent upon incoming SW speed
- Geospace model needs to run in Real-time (a paradigm shift for the NWS ops computer)
 any computing delays will seriously eat into our 18 minutes.
- Sharp jump upwards in SW speed (ie, incoming CME) model has to
 STOP and RESTART from a previous point consistent with the new SW data.

The **TIME TRAYEU** part

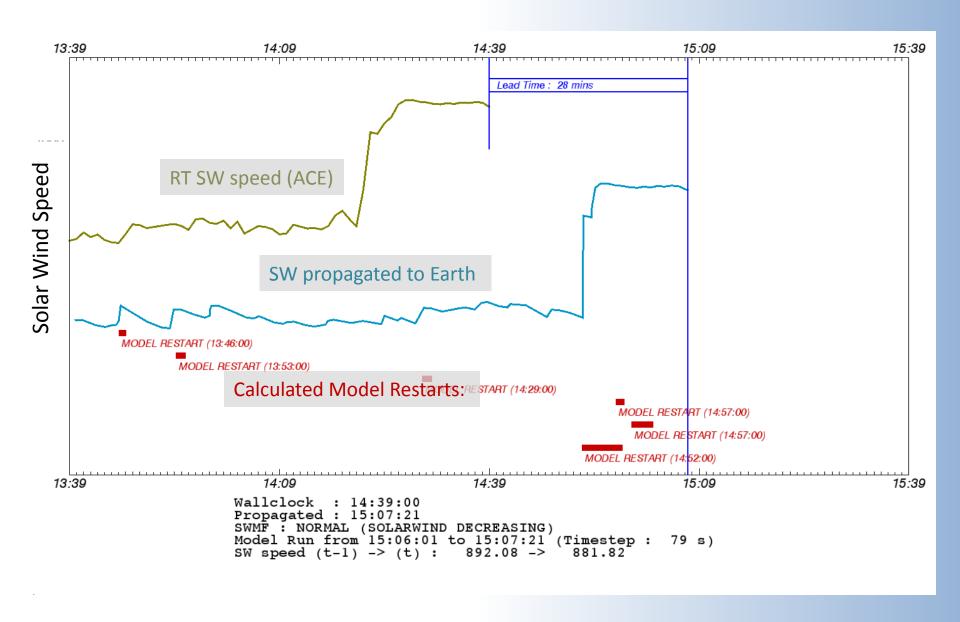
SW Transit Time: Validation (Michele Cash, SWPC)

ACE data propagated to the location of the Wind spacecraft using two different methods, flat plane propagation and tilted phase planes

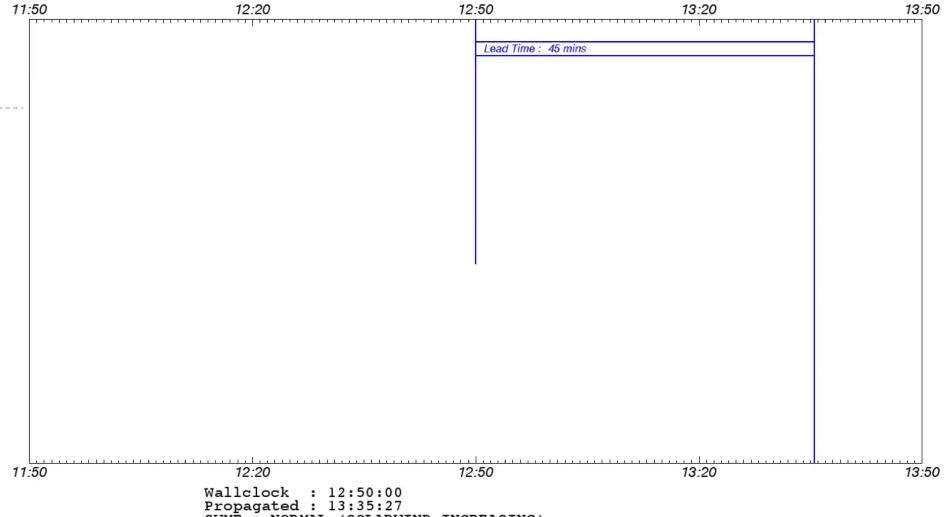


MVAB-0/CP method shows improved agreement

The **STOP** and **RESTART** part

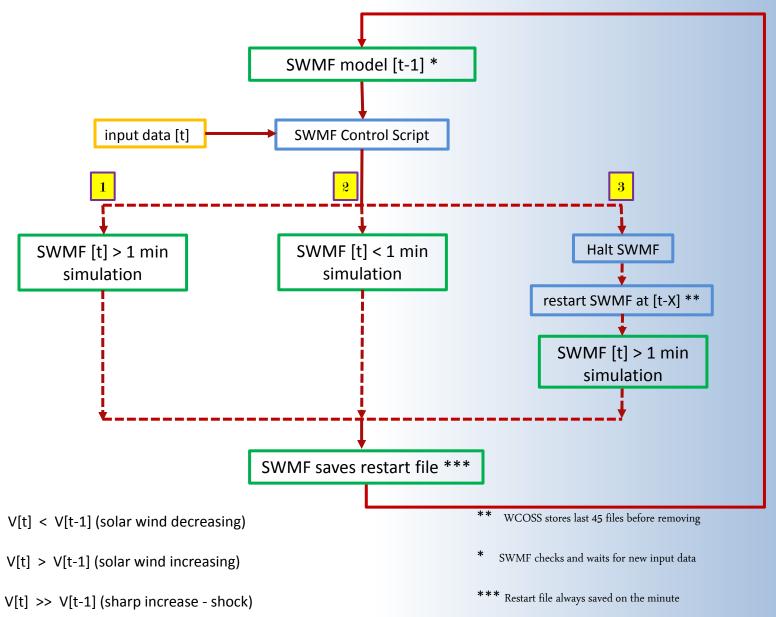


The **STOP and RESTART** part



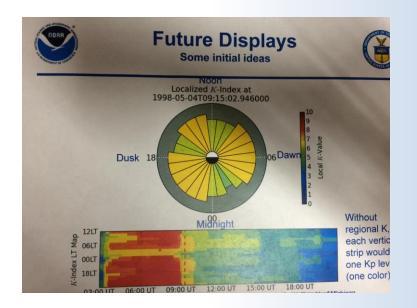
SWMF: NORMAL (SOLARWIND INCREASING)
Model Run from to 13:35:27 (Timestep: 0s)
SW speed (t-1) -> (t): 0.00 -> 549.94

Schematic for SWMF running in real-time on WCOSS: basic time stepping



Forecast Products

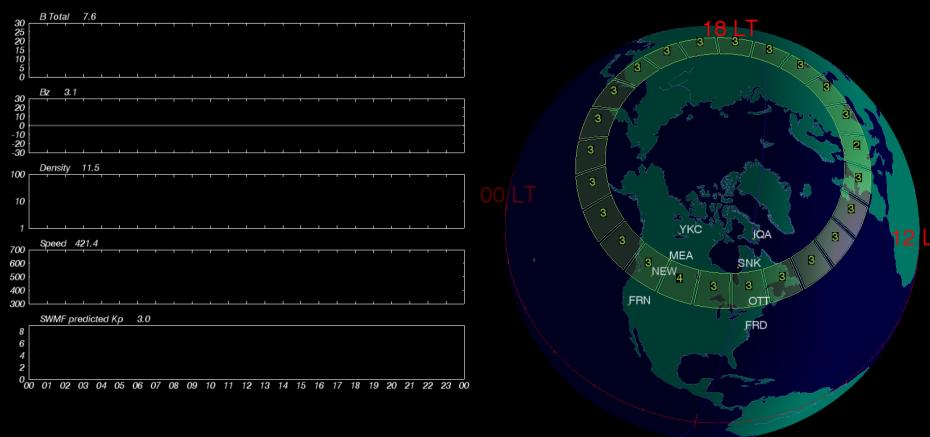
- Initial products: Local Time regional K and dB/dt calculations at a few select locations
- More complete products and product displays to be developed in 2016
- Meanwhile a suggestion from UMICH (Dan Welling) of a Local Time Regional K product shows interesting results (St Patrick's Day Storm)



Initial Test Product: Local Time regional K prediction

Real-Time SWMF Geospace [St. Patrick's Day Storm]



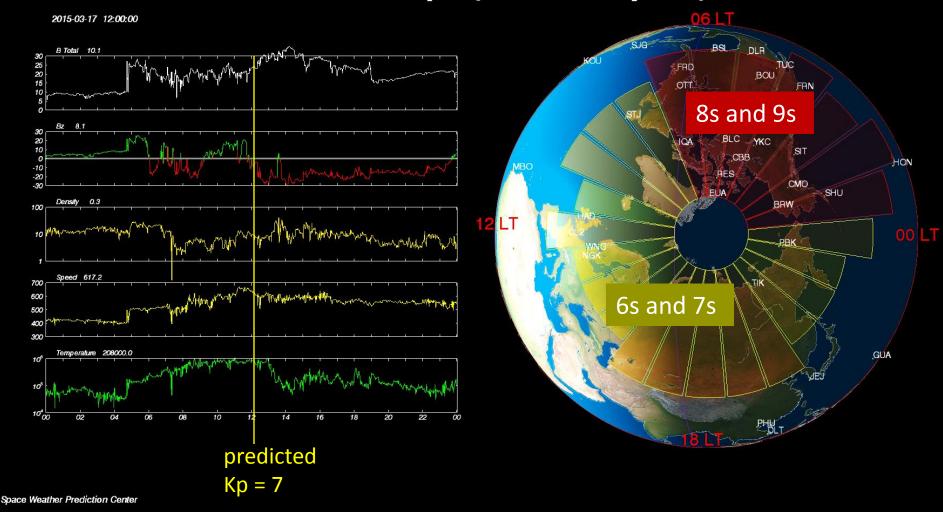


Space Weather Prediction Center



Initial Test Product: Local Time regional K prediction

Real-Time SWMF Geospace [St. Patrick's Day Storm]



Summary

- Transition team at SWPC working in solid collaboration with model developers at UMICH to build a real-time operational Geospace model
- Real-time run environment in place on the DEV environment at NCEP:
 SWMF running in real-time with propagated SW data
- Initial forecast products show interesting, and very encouraging, results (St Patrick's day storm) – obviously lots more work to be done
- Handover to NCO techs slated for 1 October 2015 V1.0 operational 2016
 USERS: We will have [x,y,z,t] 30 minutes ahead of time what do you want ???
 (global picture, local time series etc. etc.)

Get in the loop.... We have ideas – but we want yours.....

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